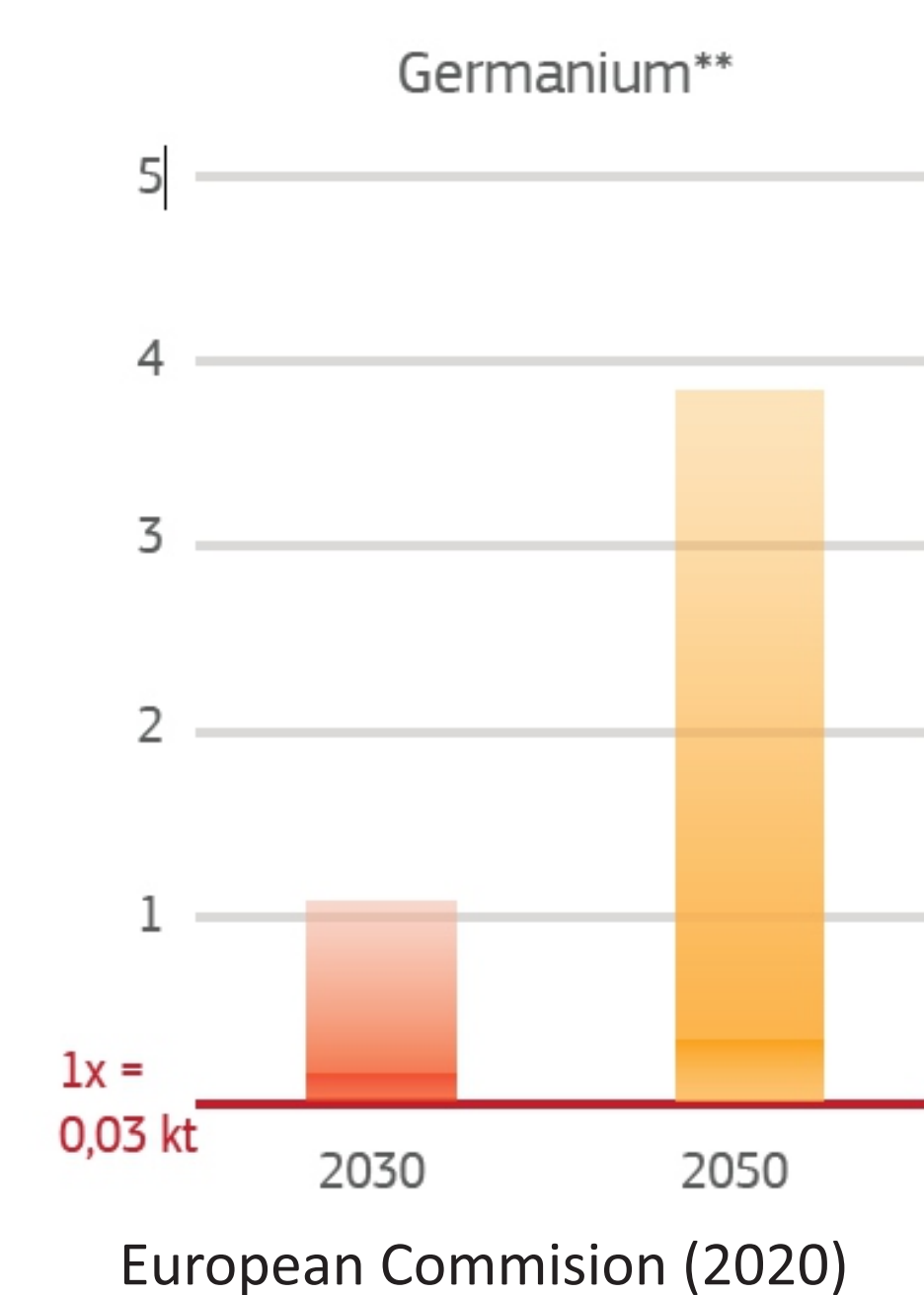


## Why Ge research is important?

Ge is a crucial "mineral" in advancing technology, specially in the field of solar energy

Potential future supply risks exist due to the fact that Ge is primarily extracted as a by-product of Zn production.

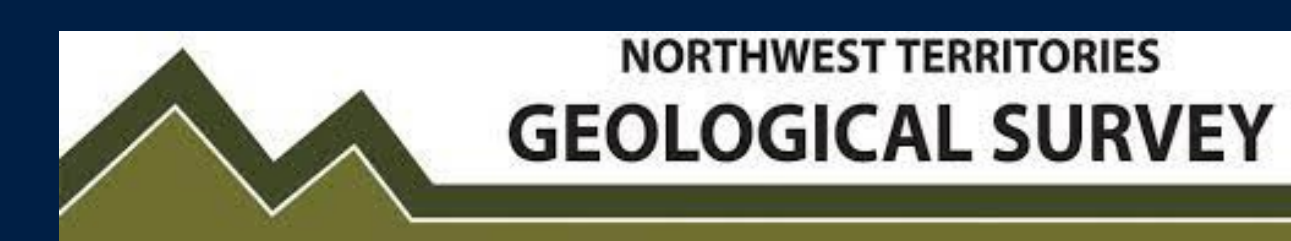


# Germanium (Ge) endowment constraints in Zn-Pb sediment-hosted mineral deposits



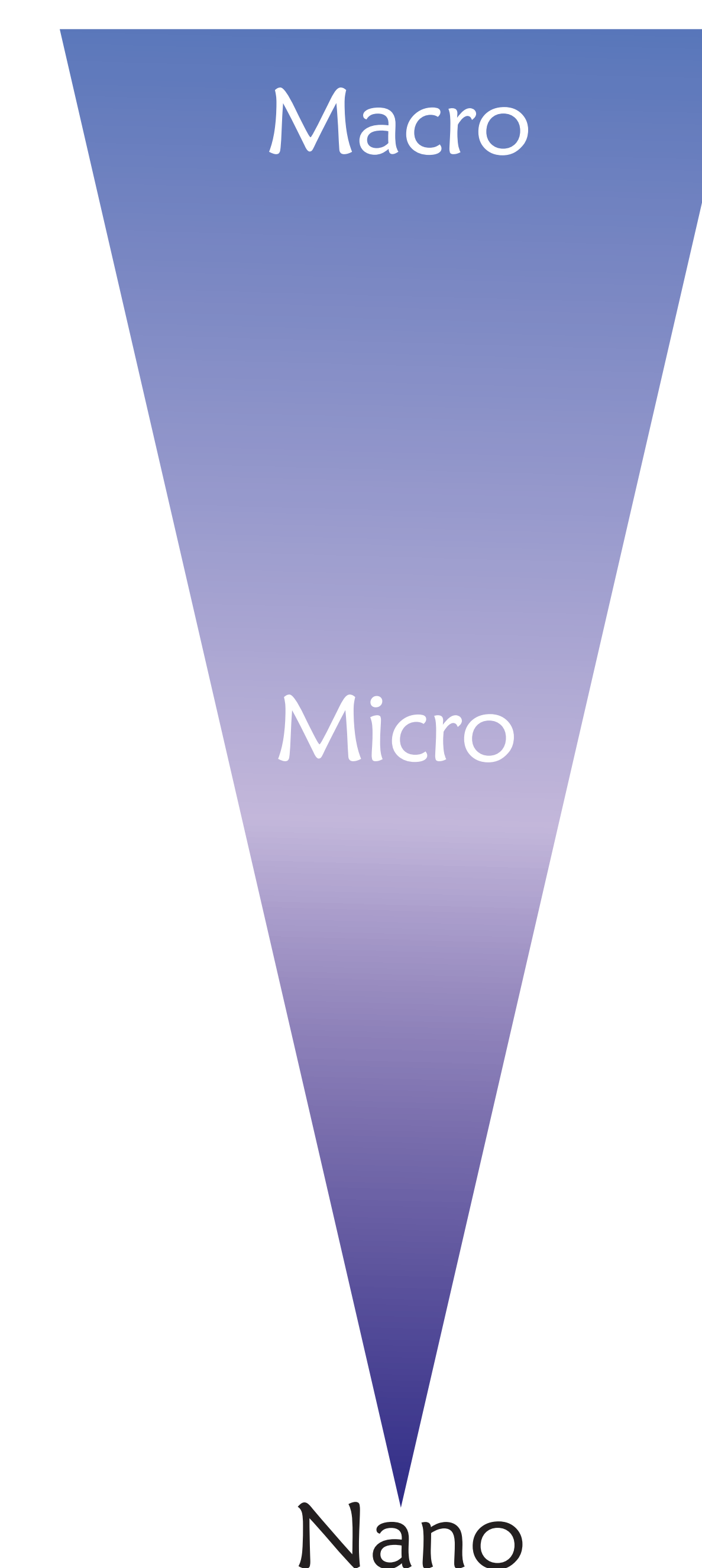
Bello-Rodríguez J.D.<sup>1</sup>, Gregory D.<sup>1</sup>, Reynolds M.<sup>2</sup>

University of Toronto, Earth Sciences department, Toronto, Ontario  
Northwest Territories Geological Survey, Yellowknife, NWT



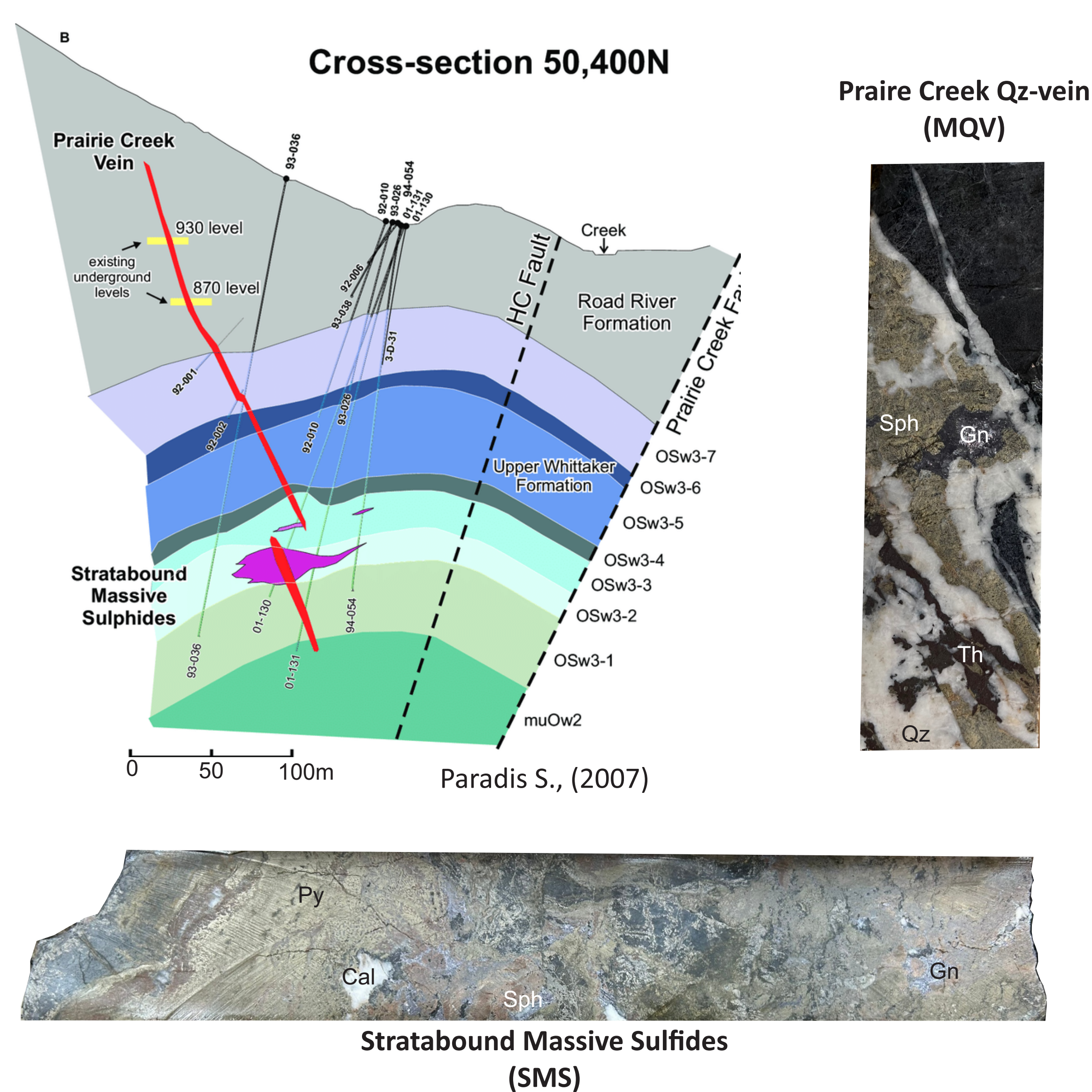
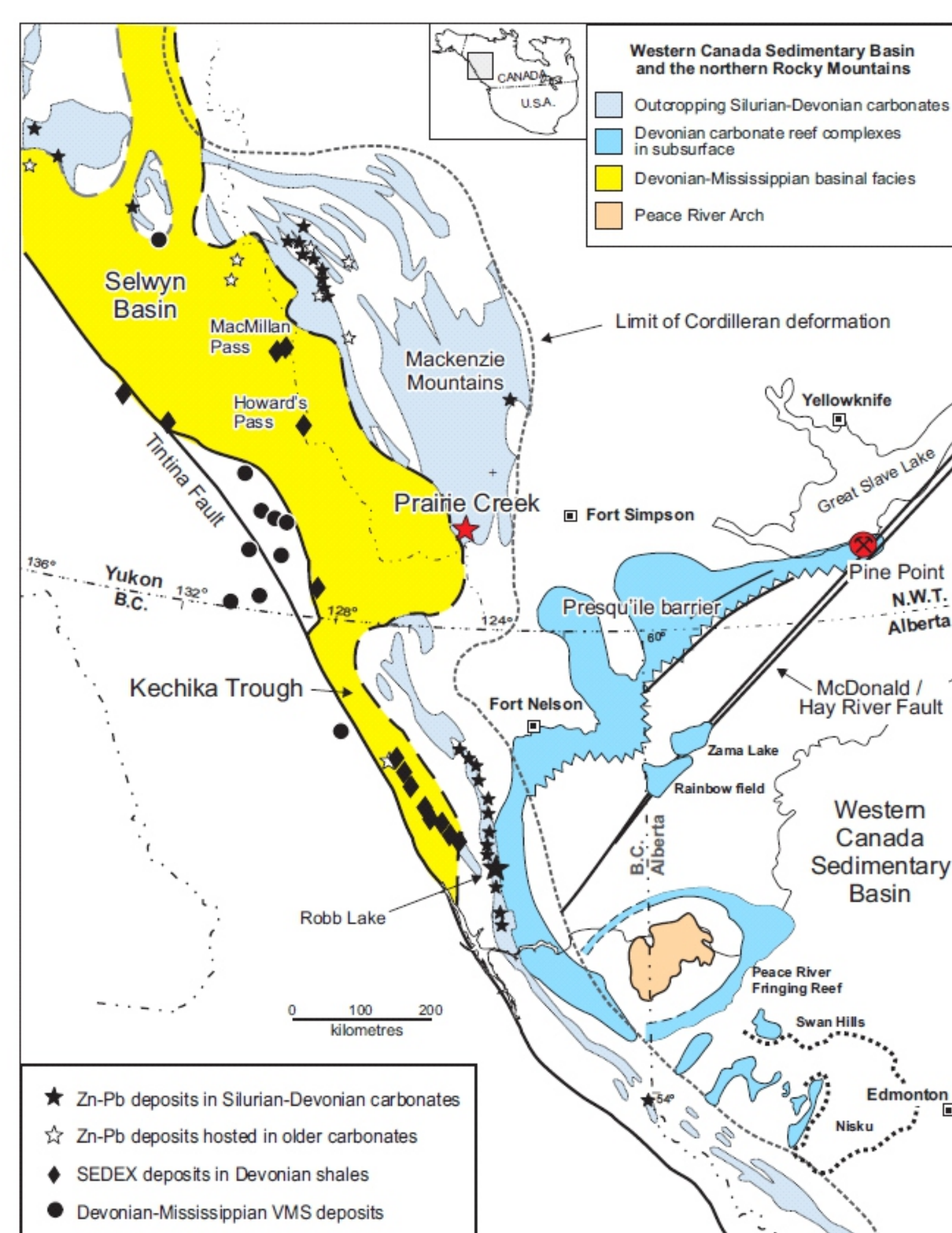
## Methods

Core-logging  
Sampling  
Whole-Rock Geochemistry  
  
Petrography  
Isotopic studies (Pb, S, Ge)  
SEM  
LA-ICP-MS  
Fluid inclusions  
EMPA



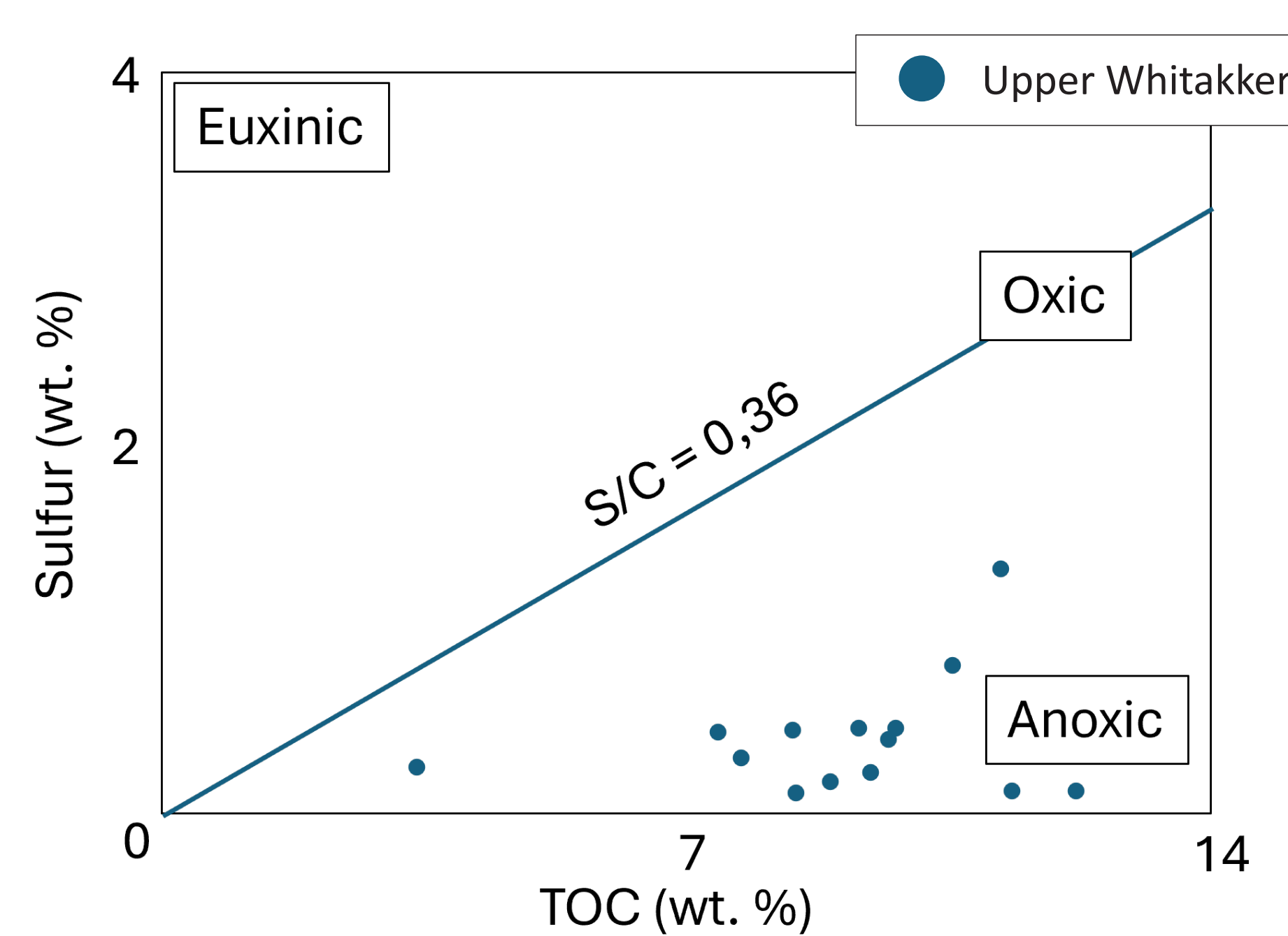
Atom Probe Tomography

## The Zn-Pb (Ag-Ge) Prairie Creek Deposit (Northwest Territories, Canada)



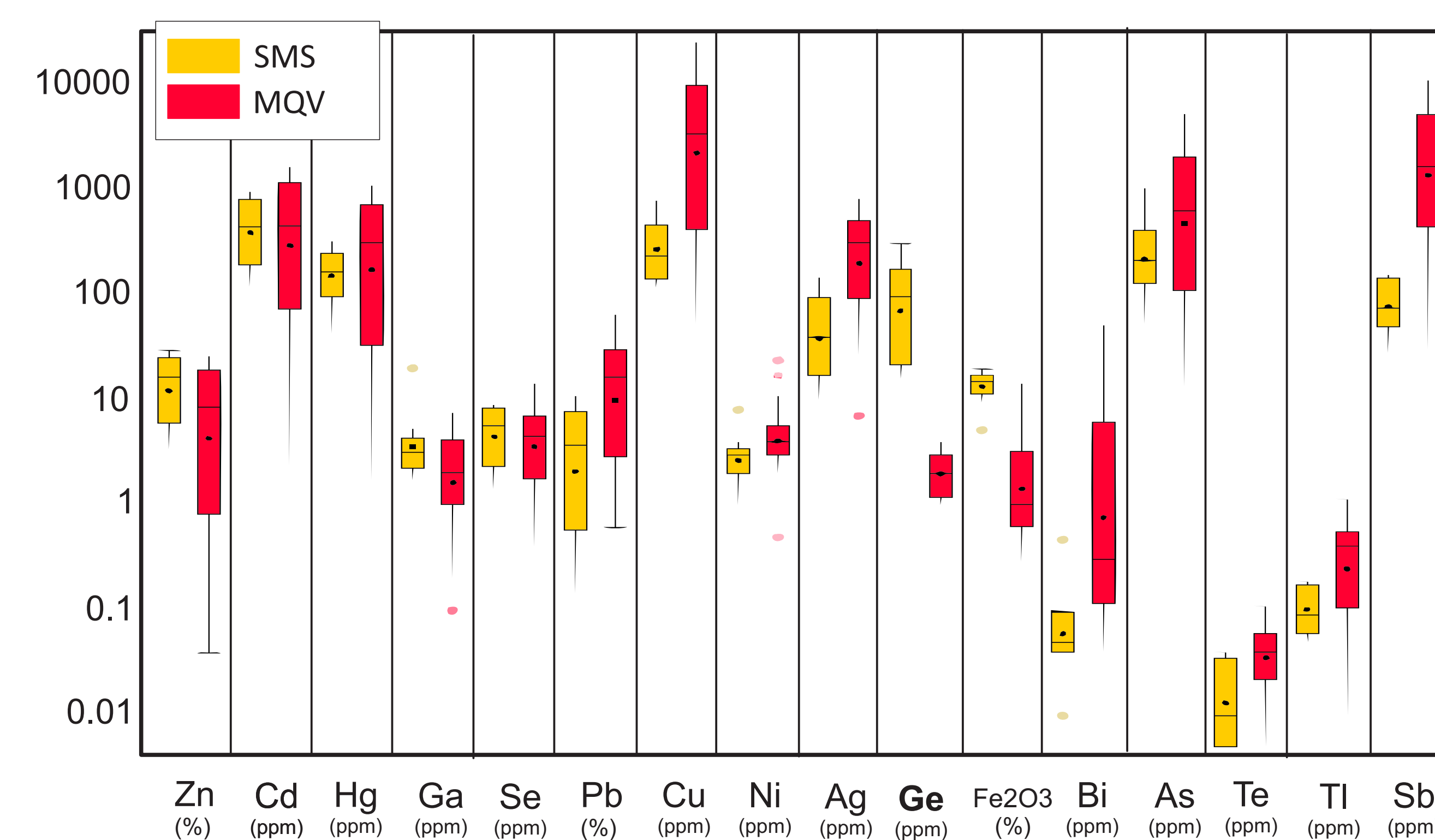
## What does geochemistry tell us, so far?

Host-rock

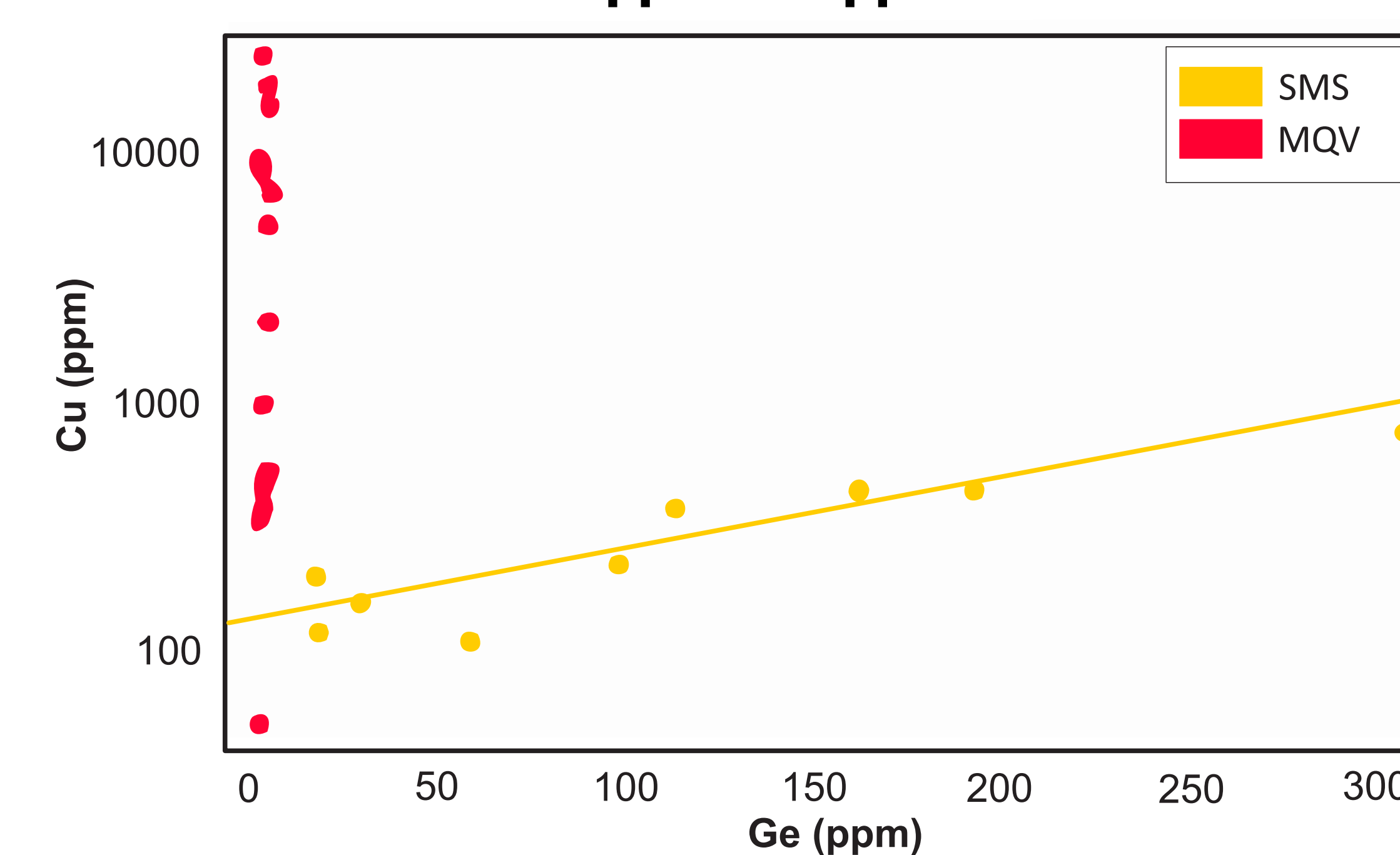


- While a low S/C ratio suggests an anoxic paleodeposition condition redox for Upper Whitaker, its Mo content of less than 10 ppm indicates a suboxic condition (?)

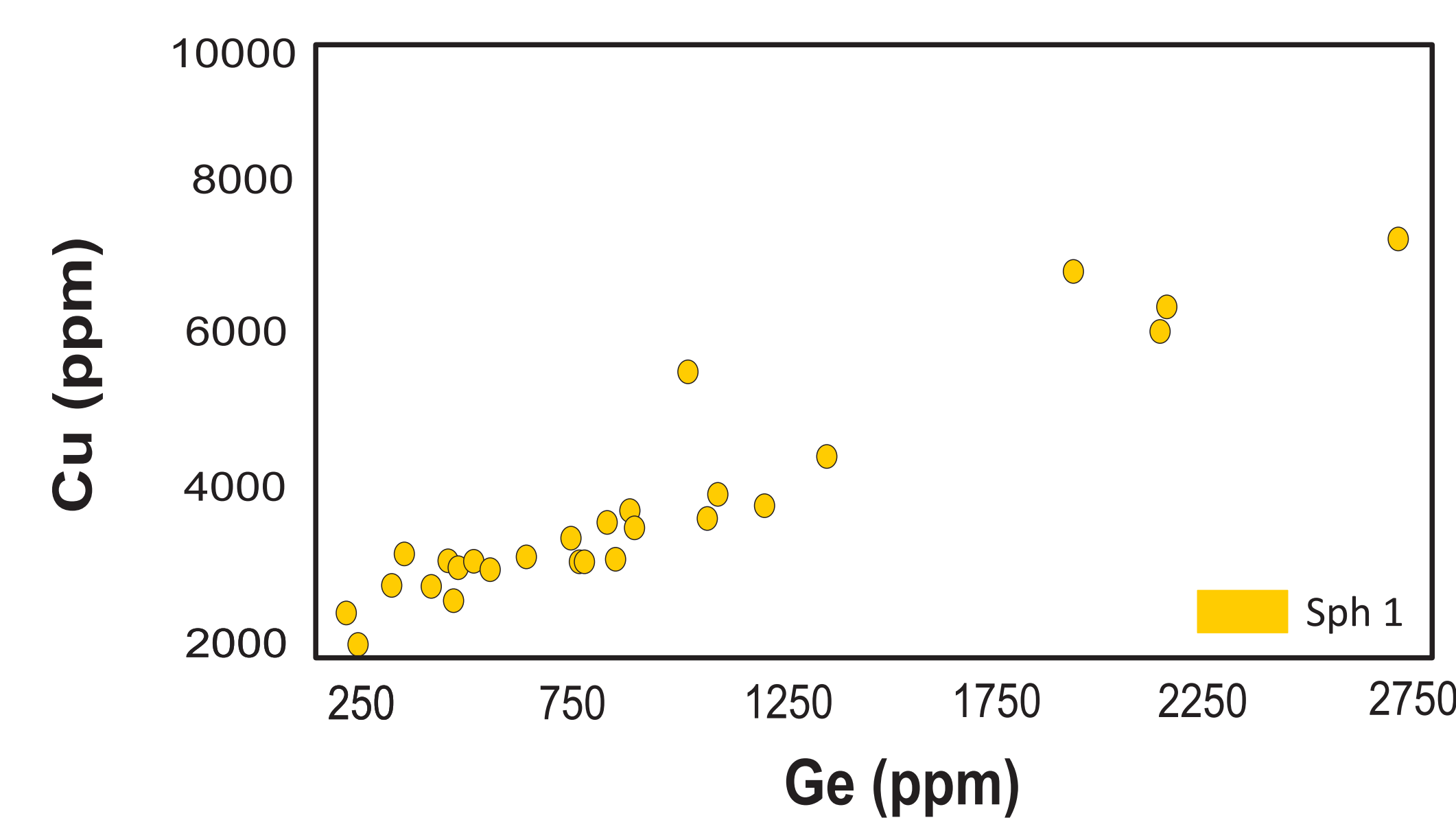
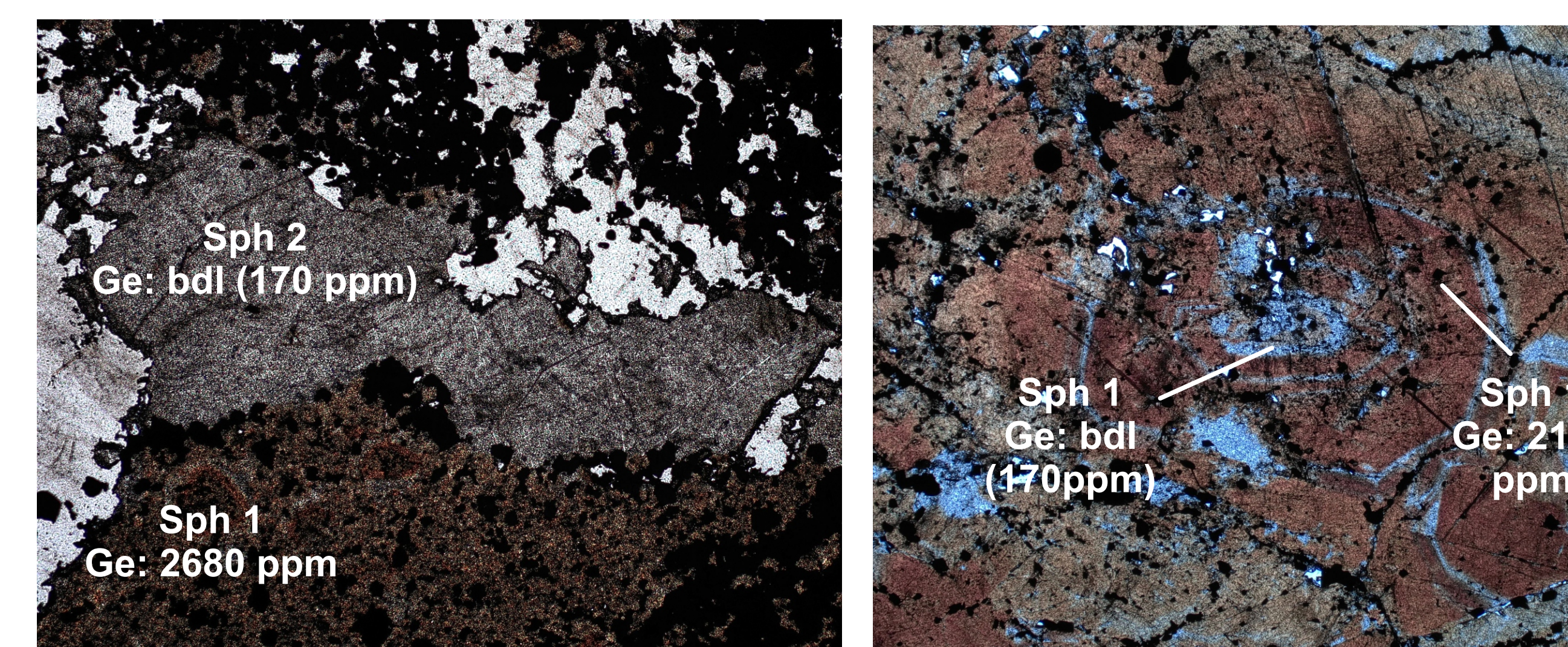
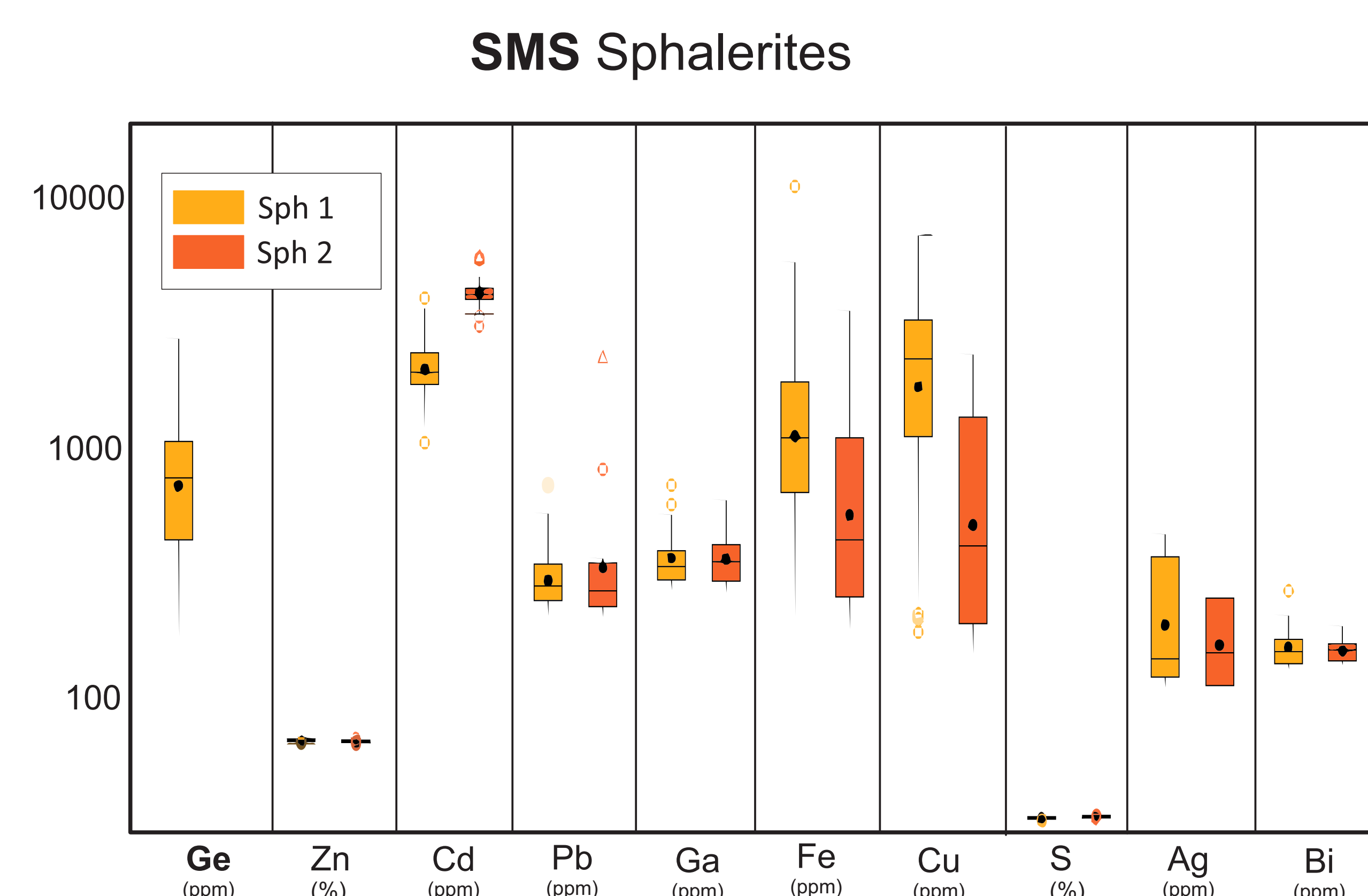
Ore bodies



Geppm : Cuppm



Sphalerite Chemistry



## Future Work

- Genetic model of the Prairie Creek deposit
- Ge distribution (micro & nano scale)

### Substitution mechanisms

- Favored drivers to enrichment?

### Experiments

Insights into Ge behavior in hydrothermal fluids will guide mineral exploration strategies

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